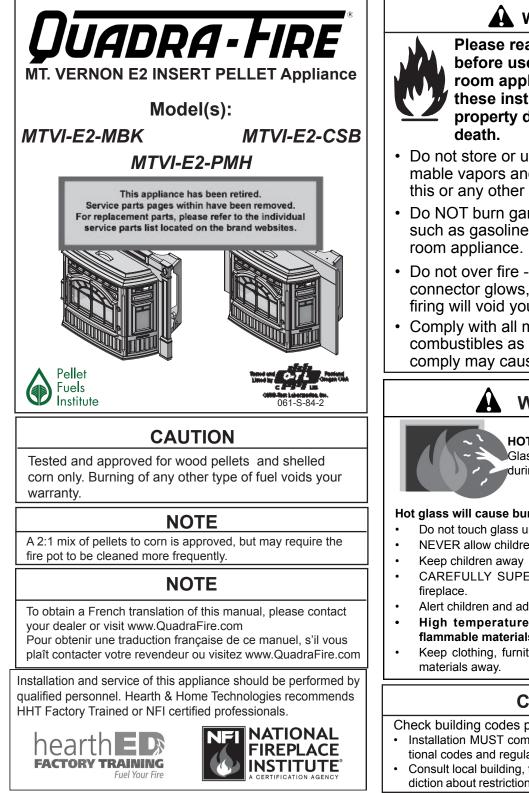
# **Owner's Manual Operation & Care**

## **INSTALLER:** Leave this manual with party responsible for use and operation. OWNER: Retain this manual for future reference.

Contact your dealer with questions regarding installation, operation or service.



# 

Please read this entire manual before use of this pellet fuel-burning room appliance. Failure to follow these instructions could result in property damage, bodily injury, or

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- Do NOT burn garbage or flammable fluids such as gasoline, naphtha, or engine oil in
- Do not over fire If appliance or chimney connector glows, you are over firing. Over firing will void your warranty.
- Comply with all minimum clearances to combustibles as specified. Failure to comply may cause house fire.

# WARNING

### HOT SURFACES!

Glass and other surfaces are hot during operation AND cool down.

### Hot glass will cause burns.

- Do not touch glass until it is cooled
- NEVER allow children to touch glass
- CAREFULLY SUPERVISE children in same room as
- Alert children and adults to hazards of high temperatures
- High temperatures may ignite clothing or other flammable materials.
- Keep clothing, furniture, draperies and other flammable

# CAUTION

Check building codes prior to installation.

- Installation MUST comply with local, regional, state and national codes and regulations.
- Consult local building, fire officials or authorities having jurisdiction about restrictions, installation inspection, and permits.

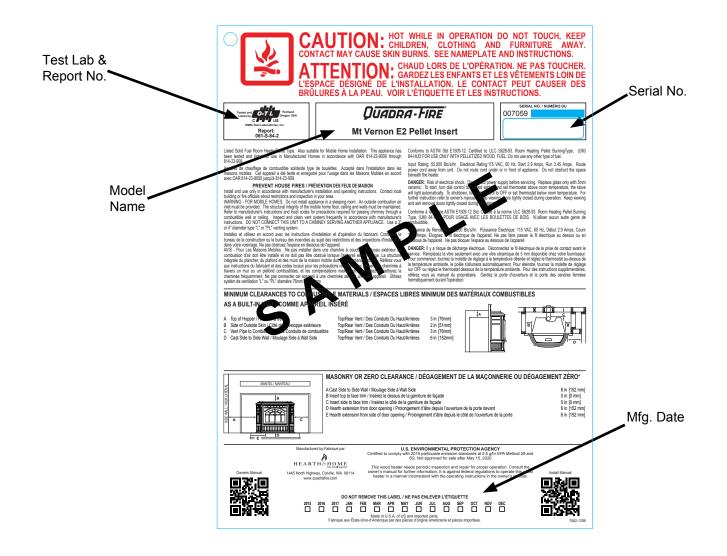
Congratulations /

and Welcome to the Quadra-Fire Family!

# NOTE: Clearances may only be reduced by means approved by the regulatory authority having jurisdiction

### A. Sample of Serial Number / Safety Label

LOCATION: Behind right cast side panel



# Safety Alert Key:

- DANGER! Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided will result in death or serious injury.
- WARNING! Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided could result in death or serious injury.
- CAUTION! Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.
- **NOTICE:** Indicates practices which may cause damage to the appliance or to property.

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#### **B. Warranty Policy**

#### Hearth & Home Technologies LIMITED LIFETIME WARRANTY

Hearth & Home Technologies, on behalf of its hearth brands ("HHT"), extends the following warranty for HHT gas, wood, pellet, coal and electric hearth appliances that are purchased from an HHT authorized dealer.

#### WARRANTY COVERAGE:

HHT warrants to the original owner of the HHT appliance at the site of installation, and to any transferee taking ownership of the appliance at the site of installation within two years following the date of original purchase, that the HHT appliance will be free from defects in materials and workmanship at the time of manufacture. After installation, if covered components manufactured by HHT are found to be defective in materials or workmanship during the applicable warranty period, HHT will, at its option, repair or replace the covered components. HHT, at its own discretion, may fully discharge all of its obligations under such warranties by replacing the product itself or refunding the verified purchase price of the product itself. The maximum amount recoverable under this warranty is limited to the purchase price of the product. This warranty is subject to conditions, exclusions and limitations as described below.

#### WARRANTY PERIOD:

Warranty coverage begins on the date of original purchase. In the case of new home construction, warranty coverage begins on the date of first occupancy of the dwelling or six months after the sale of the product by an independent, authorized HHT dealer/ distributor, whichever occurs earlier. The warranty shall commence no later than 24 months following the date of product shipment from HHT, regardless of the installation or occupancy date. The warranty period for parts and labor for covered components is produced in the following table.

The term "Limited Lifetime" in the table below is defined as: 20 years from the beginning date of warranty coverage for gas appliances, and 10 years from the beginning date of warranty coverage for wood, pellet, and coal appliances. These time periods reflect the minimum expected useful lives of the designated components under normal operating conditions.

| Warrant             | Varranty Period HHT Manufactured Appliances and Venting |     |      |        |             |      |          |         |   |  |
|---------------------|---|-----|------|--------|-------------|------|----------|---------|---|--|
| Parts               | Labor   | Gas | Wood | Pellet | EPA<br>Wood | Coal | Electric | Venting | Components Covered  |  |
| 1 Year              |   | х   | x    | х      | х           | х    | x        | х       | All parts and material except as<br>covered by Conditions,<br>Exclusions, and Limitations<br>listed |  |
|                     | -   |     |      | х      | х           | х    |          |         | Igniters, electronic components,<br>and glass   |  |
| 2 ye                | ears  | Х   | Х    | х      | Х           | Х    |          |         | Factory-installed blowers   |  |
|                     |   |     | X    |        |             |      |          |         | Molded refractory panels  |  |
|                     |   | Х   |      |        |             |      |          |         | Ignition Modules  |  |
| 3 ує                | ears  |     |      | Х      |             |      |          |         | Firepots and burnpots   |  |
| 5 years             | 1 year  |     |      | Х      | Х           |      |          |         | Castings and baffles  |  |
| 7 years             | 3 years   |     | х    | х      | х           |      |          |         | Manifold tubes,<br>HHT chimney and termination  |  |
| 10<br>years         | 1 year  | Х   |      |        |             |      |          |         | Burners, logs and refractory  |  |
| Limited<br>Lifetime | 3 years   | х   | х    | х      | х           | х    |          |         | Firebox and heat exchanger  |  |
| 90 Days             |   | х   | х    | х      | х           | х    | х        | х       | All replacement parts<br>beyond warranty period   |  |

See conditions, exclusions, and limitations on next page.

4021-645H 10/15

Page 1 of 2

#### WARRANTY CONDITIONS:

- This warranty only covers HHT appliances that are purchased through an HHT authorized dealer or distributor. A list of HHT authorized dealers is available on the HHT branded websites.
- This warranty is only valid while the HHT appliance remains at the site of original installation.
- This warranty is only valid in the country in which the HHT authorized dealer or distributor that sold the appliance resides.
- Contact your installing dealer for warranty service. If the installing dealer is unable to provide necessary parts, contact the nearest HHT authorized dealer or supplier. Additional service fees may apply if you are seeking warranty service from a dealer other than the dealer from whom you originally purchased the product.
- Check with your dealer in advance for any costs to you when arranging a warranty call. Travel and shipping charges for parts are not covered by this warranty.

#### WARRANTY EXCLUSIONS:

This warranty does not cover the following:

- Changes in surface finishes as a result of normal use. As a heating appliance, some changes in color of interior and exterior surface finishes may occur. This is not a flaw and is not covered under warranty.
- Damage to printed, plated, or enameled surfaces caused by fingerprints, accidents, misuse, scratches, melted items, or other external sources and residues left on the plated surfaces from the use of abrasive cleaners or polishes.
- Repair or replacement of parts that are subject to normal wear and tear during the warranty period. These parts include: paint, wood, pellet and coal gaskets, firebricks, grates, flame guides, batteries and the discoloration of glass.
- Expansion, contraction, or movement of certain parts causing noise. These conditions are normal and complaints related to this noise are not covered by this warranty.
- Damages resulting from: (1) failure to install, operate, or maintain the appliance in accordance with the installation instructions, operating instructions, and listing agent identification label furnished with the appliance; (2) failure to install the appliance in accordance with local building codes; (3) shipping or improper handling; (4) improper operation, abuse, misuse, continued operation with damaged, corroded or failed components, accident, or improperly/ incorrectly performed repairs; (5) environmental conditions, inadequate ventilation, negative pressure, or drafting caused by tightly sealed constructions, insufficient make-up air supply, or handling devices such as exhaust fans or forced air furnaces or other such causes; (6) use of fuels other than those specified in the operating instructions; (7) installation or use of components not supplied with the appliance or any other components not expressly authorized and approved by HHT; (8) modification of the appliance not expressly authorized and approved by HHT in writing; and/or (9) interruptions or fluctuations of electrical power supply to the appliance.
- Non-HHT venting components, hearth components or other accessories used in conjunction with the appliance.
- Any part of a pre-existing fireplace system in which an insert or a decorative gas appliance is installed.
- HHT's obligation under this warranty does not extend to the appliance's capability to heat the desired space. Information is provided to assist the consumer and the dealer in selecting the proper appliance for the application. Consideration must be given to appliance location and configuration, environmental conditions, insulation and air tightness of the structure.

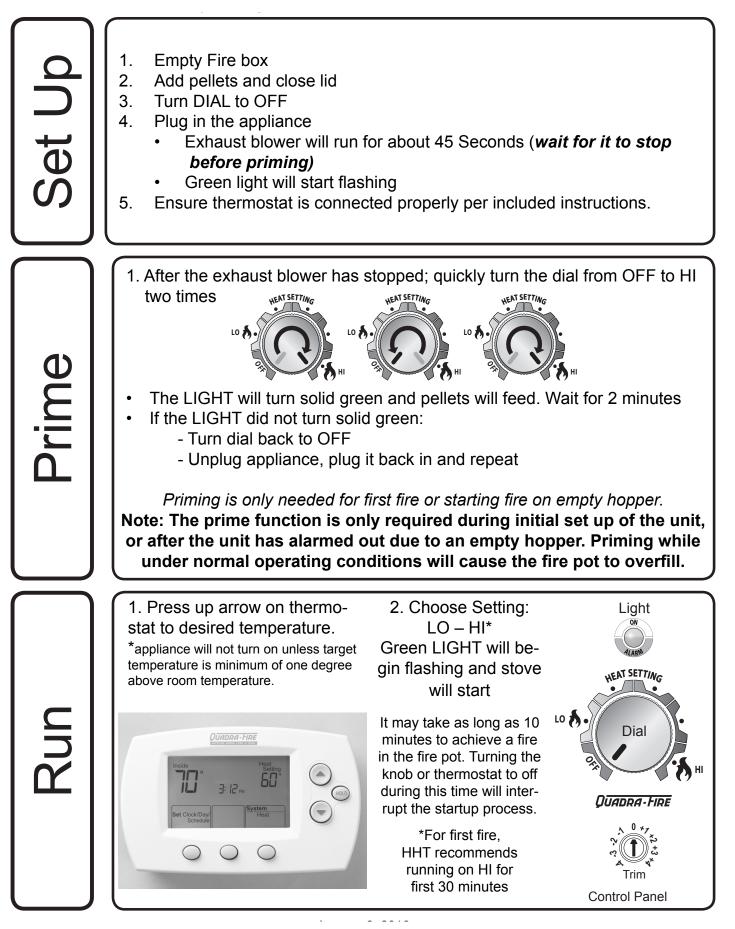
#### This warranty is void if:

- The appliance has been over-fired or operated in atmospheres contaminated by chlorine, fluorine, or other damaging chemicals. Over-firing can be identified by, but not limited to, warped plates or tubes, rust colored cast iron, bubbling, cracking and discoloration of steel or enamel finishes.
- The appliance is subjected to prolonged periods of dampness or condensation.
- There is any damage to the appliance or other components due to water or weather damage which is the result of, but not limited to, improper chimney or venting installation.

#### LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY:

 The owner's exclusive remedy and HHT's sole obligation under this warranty, under any other warranty, express or implied, or in contract, tort or otherwise, shall be limited to replacement, repair, or refund, as specified above. In no event will HHT be liable for any incidental or consequential damages caused by defects in the appliance. Some states do not allow exclusions or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so these limitations may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific rights; you may also have other rights, which vary from state to state. EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED BY LAW, HHT MAKES NO EXPRESS WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THE WARRANTY SPECIFIED HEREIN. THE DURATION OF ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY IS LIMITED TO DURATION OF THE EXPRESSED WARRANTY SPECIFIED ABOVE.

# C. Quick Start Guide



# Listing and Code Approvals

#### A. Appliance Certification

| Model      | Mt. Vernon E2 Pellet Insert   |
|------------|---|
| Laboratory | OMNI Test Laboratories, Inc.  |
| Report No. | 061-S-84-2  |
| Туре       | Solid Fuel Room Appliance, Pellet and   |
|            | Shelled Corn Fuel Burning Type  |
| Standard   | ASTM E1509-12, ULC S628-93 and 84-HUD, Mobile Home Approved.  |
| FCC        | Complies with Part 15 of FCC Rules.<br>Operation is subject to the following two<br>conditions: (1) this device may not cause<br>harmful interference, and (2) this device<br>must accept any interference received,<br>including interference that may cause<br>undesired operation. |

The Quadra-Fire Mt. Vernon E2 Pellet Insert meets the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's emission limits for pellet inserts sold after May 15, 2015.

This pellet insert needs periodic inspection and repair for proper operation. It is against federal regulations to operate this pellet insert in a manner inconsistent with operating instructions in this manual.

**NOTICE:** This installation must conform with local codes. In the absence of local codes you must comply with the **ASTM E1059-12**, **ULC S628-93**, **(UM) 84-HUD and ULC/ORD-C-1482**.

### B. BTU & Efficiency Specifications

| EPA Certification #:   | 984-15                     |  |  |  |  |
|--|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| EPA Certified Emissions:   | 0.5 grams per hour         |  |  |  |  |
| *LHV Tested Efficiency:  | 81.6 %                     |  |  |  |  |
| **HHV Tested Efficiency:   | 75.5 %                     |  |  |  |  |
| ***EPA BTU Output:   | 13,900 to 42,200 / hr.     |  |  |  |  |
| ****BTU Input:   | 18,100 to 55,000 / hr.     |  |  |  |  |
| Vent Size:   | 3 or 4 inches, "L" or "PL" |  |  |  |  |
| Hopper Capacity:   | 52 lbs.                    |  |  |  |  |
| Fuel   | Wood Pellets               |  |  |  |  |
| * Weighted average LHV efficiency using data collected during EPA emissions test.  |                            |  |  |  |  |
| **Weighted average HHV efficiency using data collected during EPA emissions test.  |                            |  |  |  |  |
| ***A range of BTU outputs based on EPA Default Efficiency and the burn rates from the low and high EPA tests.                                |                            |  |  |  |  |
| ****Based on the maximum feed rate per hour multiplied by<br>approximately 8600 BTU's which is the average BTU's from a<br>pound of pellets. |                            |  |  |  |  |

## C. Glass Specifications

This appliance is equipped with 5mm ceramic glass. Replace glass only with 5mm ceramic glass. Please contact your dealer for replacement glass.

#### **D. Electrical Rating**

115 VAC, 60 Hz, Start 2.9 Amps, Run 2.45 Amps

#### E. Mobile Home Approved

- This appliance is approved for mobile home installations when not installed in a sleeping room and when an outside combustion air inlet is provided.
- The structural integrity of the mobile home floor, ceiling, and walls must be maintained.
- The appliance must be properly grounded to the frame of the mobile home and use only Listed pellet vent Class "L" or "PL" connector pipe.
- Outside Air Kit (OAK-3) must be installed in a mobile home installation.

# 

#### Fire Risk.



Hearth & Home Technologies disclaims any responsibility for, and the warranty will be voided by, the following actions:

- Installation and use of any damaged appliance.
- Modification of the appliance.
- Installation other than as instructed by Hearth & Home Technologies.
- Installation and/or use of any component part not approved by Hearth & Home Technologies.
- Operating appliance without fully assembling all components.
- Operating appliance without legs attached (if supplied with appliance).
- Do NOT Over fire If appliance or chimney connector glows, you are over firing.

Any such action that may cause a fire hazard.

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause injury or property damage.

For assistance or additional information, consult a qualified installer, service agency or your dealer.

NOTE: Hearth & Home Technologies, manufacturer of this appliance, reserves the right to alter its products, their specifications and/or price without notice.

Quadra-Fire is a registered trademark of Hearth & Home Technologies.

# MT. VERNON E2 INSERT

# **User Guide**

# **2** Operating Instructions

# WARNING

#### Fire Risk.

- Do not operate appliance before reading and understanding operating instructions.
- Failure to operate appliance properly may cause a house fire.

# A. Fire Safety

To provide reasonable fire safety, the following should be given serious consideration:

- · Install at least one smoke detector on each floor of your home.
- Install at least one carbon monoxide detector on each floor of your home.
- · Locate smoke detector away from the heating appliance and close to the sleeping areas.
- · Follow the smoke detector manufacturer's placement and installation instructions and maintain regularly.
- · Follow the carbon monoxide manufacturer's placement and installation instructions and maintain regularly.
- · Conveniently locate a Class A fire extinguisher to contend with small fires.
- In the event of a hopper fire:
  - · Evacuate the house immediately.
  - Notify fire department.

### B. Non-Combustible Materials

Material which will not ignite and burn, composed of any combination of the following:

- Steel - Plaster - Glass - Tile - Brick - Iron - Slate - Concrete

Materials reported as passing ASTM E 136, Standard Test Method for Behavior of Metals, in a Vertical Tube Furnace of 750° C.

### C. Combustible Materials

Material made of/or surfaced with any of the following materials:

- Plywood/OSB - Compressed Paper - Wood
- Plant Fibers - Sheet Rock (drywall) - Plastic

Any material that can ignite and burn: flame proofed or not, plastered or non-plastered.

# D. Fuel Material and Fuel Storage

Pellet fuel quality can greatly fluctuate. We recommend that you buy fuel in multi-ton lots whenever possible. However, we do recommend trying various brands before purchasing multi-ton lots to ensure your satisfaction.

#### **Fuel Material**

• Made from sawdust or wood by-products

Depending on the source material it may have a high or • low ash content.

Higher Ash Content Material

- Hardwoods with a high mineral content
- Fuel that contains bark
- Standard grade pellets or high ash pellets

#### Lower Ash Content Material

- Most softwoods
- Fuels with low mineral content
- Most premium grade pellets •

#### <u>Corn</u>

- A 2:1 mix of pellets to corn is approved, but may require the fire pot to be cleaned more frequently.
- When using a pellet/corn fuel mixture, it is recommended that the trim adjustment is set to -4 (see pg. 12)
- Corn must be free of debris. Never burn corn straight from the field. It will clog the auger mechanism.
- Corn with excessive grain dust must be screened by sifting with 3/16 (4.76mm) inch mesh screening
- Do not use corn that contains additives such as oils or means or has been chemically treated with pesticides. It will void your warranty and destroy the exhaust system.

#### Clinkers

Minerals and other non-combustible materials such as sand will turn into a hard, glass-like substance called a clinker when heated in the fire pot.

Trees from different areas will vary in mineral content. That is why some fuels produce more clinkers than others.

#### **Moisture**

Always burn dry fuel. Burning fuel with high moisture content takes heat from the fuel and tends to cool the appliance, robbing heat from your home. Damp pellet fuel can clog the feed system.

#### Size

- Pellets are either 1/4 inch or 5/16 inch (6-8mm) in diameter
- Length should be no more that 1-1/2 inches (38mm)
- Pellet lengths can vary from lot to lot from the same manufacturer
- Due to length variations, the feed rate may need adjusting occasionally

#### Performance

- Higher ash content requires the fire pot and the ash drawer to be emptied more frequently
- Hardwoods require more air to burn properly
- · Premium wood pellets produce the highest heat output





 Burning pellets longer than 1-1/2 inches (38mm) can cause an inconsistent fuel feed rate and/or missed ignitions or feed jams.

#### <u>Storage</u>

- Wood pellets should be left in their original sealed bag until using to prevent moisture absorption
- Do not store any pellet fuel within the clearance requirements or in an area that would hinder routine cleaning and maintenance

### E. Before Your First Fire

- 1. First, make sure your appliance has been properly installed and that all safety requirements have been met. Pay particular attention to the fire protection and venting.
- 2. Double check that the firebox is empty and the fire pot floor is fully closed.
- 3. Close and latch the door.

### F. Filling the Hopper

Open the hopper lid by lifting the handle. Fill the hopper with fuel. Close the hopper lid. The appliance will not feed with the hopper lid open and the fire will go out.

**NOTE:** Appliance CAN USE 2:1 PELLET/CORN MIX-TURE. We recommend the use of a 2:1 pellet/corn mixture. The only change in operation is that the feed rate may require a slight adjustment.

### G. User Dial Control

The appliance has one dial control located on the side of the appliance (behind a drop door) used for changing the heat setting and restarting the appliance. There are five heat settings on this dial ranging to include: LOW, MED-LOW, MED, MED-HIGH, and HIGH. **Figure 9.1** 

Turn the dial control to the desired heat setting and turn the appliance ON and OFF using the remote thermostat.



Figure 9.1

### H. Normal Startup Sequence

The appliance will go into the ignition sequence followed by a start up sequence (the green LED will flash rapidly).

The ignition sequence involves the exhaust blower and igniter turning on, and the feed motor running in two stages. The first stage involves the feed motor running continuously for about one minute to begin loading pellets into the fire pot. In the second stage, the feed motor will begin cycling on and off. When the pellets are warming - on the verge of igniting - it is not uncommon for the firebox to fill with smoke.

Once ignition happens, the smoke should quickly disappear. During this stage, as well as any part during the burn process, the front door should not be opened.

This startup cycle continues until the appliance senses ignition by a rise in the exhaust temperature or the appliance times out. Following the ignition cycle the appliance continues to feed pellets to build up the fire.

After warming up, the convection blower will begin to blow warm air into the room. As the appliance increases heat the blower will increase its output.

#### I. Fire pot Purge

<u>Purpose:</u> To help remove debris from the fire pot and help the appliance burn as efficient as possible.

The frequency of the purge cycle is once every 30 minutes while the appliance is burning. During the fire pot purge, the feed is reduced to the lowest setting and exhaust blower ramps up to a very high setting. The purge cycle lasts 99 seconds.

#### The purge cycle does not replace daily cleaning.

#### J. Shutdown

To shut the appliance down, turn the dial control to OFF or turn the thermostat to OFF. During the shutdown process, the light will flash amber or green rapidly.

Unlike the fire pot purge, during shutdown existing fuel in the fire pot will continue to burn without the feed motor running; but, the exhaust and convection blowers will remain on until the exhaust has cooled.

NOTE: If maintenance or daily cleaning is going to be conducted immediately following a shutdown, please use caution as components especially those inside the firebox may still be hot.

Due to safety precautions:

- If the dial control is turned to OFF and back on (even if by mistake) the appliance will go through the shutdown sequence before restarting.
- Additionally, if the remote thermostat is set to "OFF" or "THERMOFF" during operation the appliance will go

# CAUTION

HOT WHILE IN OPERATION. KEEP CHILDREN, CLOTHING AND FURNITURE AWAY. CONTACT MAY CAUSE SKIN BURNS.

# MT. VERNON E2 INSERT

through a shutdown sequence before restarting.

### **K. Fire Characteristics**

The overall height of the flame will vary throughout the burn for a couple of reasons:

- 1) The flame will vary based on type of fuel or batch of fuel.
- The appliance adjusts the burn rate according to the dial setting – the further the dial is rotated clockwise the higher the flame and consequently, heat output.
- General maintenance and cleaning. Infrequent or poor general maintenance will result in poorer performance. Indicators for additional maintenance activities include:
  - Lazy flame
  - Black-sooted glass
  - Pellets not igniting
  - Excess pellets falling to the side of the fire pot.

# 

#### HOT SURFACES!



Glass and other surfaces are hot during operation AND cool down. Hot glass will cause burns.

- **DO NOT** touch glass until it is cooled.
- NEVER allow children to touch glass.
- Keep children away.
- CAREFULLY SUPERVISE children in same room as appliance.
- Alert children and adults to hazards of high temperatures.

High temperatures may ignite clothing or other flammable materials.

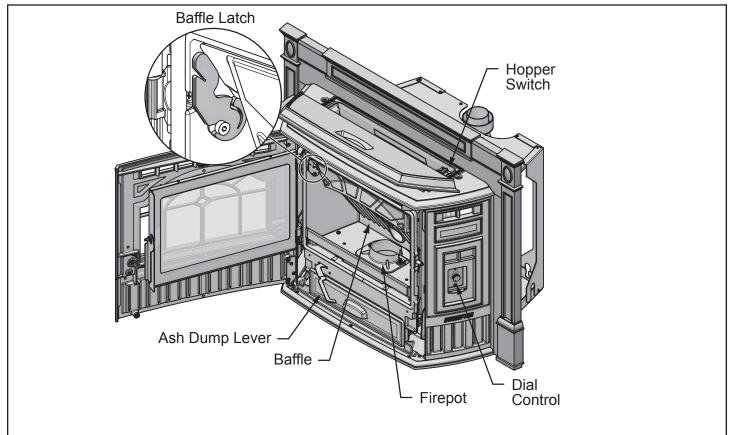
Keep clothing, furniture, draperies and other flammable materials away.

**NOTICE:** If you expect that children may come into contact with this appliance, we recommend a barrier such as a decorative screen. See your retailer for suggestions.

# CAUTION

- Odors and vapors released during initial operation.
- Curing of high temperature paint.
- Open windows for air circulation.
- Odors may be irritating to sensitive individuals.

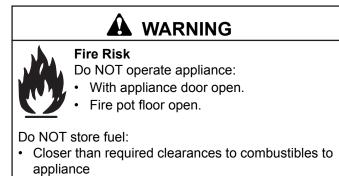
# L. Your Pellet Appliance's General Operating Parts



#### Figure 10.1

**M. LED Color Coding Chart and Explanation** The number of flashes between pauses is per one second unless otherwise indicated.

| LED<br>Color | No. of Flashes between pauses                                   | Description  | Notes   |                 |  |
|--------------|---|--|---|-----------------|--|
| Green        | Steady ON while<br>priming feed tube<br>(max time<br>2 minutes) | Feed Motor is running<br>continuously.<br>(priming the feed tube)    | When priming the feed system and filling the fire pot, DO<br>NOT OVERFILL Fire pot FOR IGNITION. The appliance<br>will automatically go into start up following the prime func-<br>tion.        |                 |  |
| Green        | 1x every 2<br>seconds   | Appliance is on standby  | To start appliance, follow start u  | p sequence.     |  |
| Green        | Blinks Continu-<br>ously  | Appliance is in the start<br>up/ignition sequence or in<br>shutdown. | During shut down, the blowers will shut off when the exhaust temperature has cooled.  |                 |  |
| Green        | 1X  | Stage 1: Low heat  | BTU Range: 14,620 - 19,694  | Average: 19,054 |  |
| Green        | 2X  | Stage 2: Med-Low heat  | BTU Range: 22,102 - 23,506  | Average: 22,735 |  |
| Green        | 3X  | Stage 3: Med heat  | BTU Range: 30,778 - 32,680  | Average: 31,603 |  |
| Green        | 4X  | Stage 4: Med-Hi heat   | BTU Range: 38,576 - 42,914  | Average: 40,665 |  |
| Green        | 5X  | Stage 5: Hi heat   | BTU Range: 49,830 - 52,460  | Average: 51,528 |  |
| Amber        | Blinks Continu-<br>ously  | Appliance is in the shut-<br>down sequence.                          | During shut down, the blowers will shut off when the exhaust temperature has cooled.  |                 |  |
| Red          | 1X  | Empty Hopper Alarm   | This alarm is caused by the fire going out from lack of fuel.<br>Reset by turning to "OFF" then turn dial to desired setting.   |                 |  |
| Red          | 2X  | Exhaust Probe Alarm  | Failed component error. See troubleshooting section for more information.   |                 |  |
| Red          | 4X  | Missed Ignition  | There are a total of 2 tries per ignition sequence. If after 2 tries there is no rise in exhaust temperature this error will occur. See the troubleshooting section for additional information. |                 |  |
| Red          | 6X  | Encoder Alarm  | Failed Component Error: Exhaust Speed Sensor. See troubleshooting guide for more information  |                 |  |
| Red          | 8X  | Exhaust Over<br>Temperature Alarm                                    | See troubleshooting guide for more information.   |                 |  |



• Within space required for loading or ash removal.

# N. Restarting the Appliance

#### **Restart Process**

- 1. When the appliance has run out of fuel and the "empty hopper" error code illuminates, add pellet fuel to the hopper.
- Dump the ashes and clinkers built up in the fire pot by pulling the ash dump removal handle out several times. Makre sure clinkers have dropped into the ash pan then return the handle to fully closed position.
- 3. Turn the dial control to OFF and then up to high 2X to prime.
- 4. After seeing pellets drop then turn to desired setting to reset the appliance control system. The appliance will then begin its startup sequence.

Restarting After a Power Failure

- 1. For an electrical disruption the appliance will start on its own without need for priming providing the control system is asking for heat.
- 2. The appliance will always go through a normal shutdown sequence before restarting.

**Remote Power Requirements** 

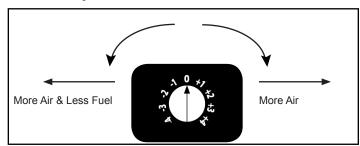
- The remote <u>receiver</u> power is maintained through appliance power.
- The remote thermostat uses four AAA batteries.

### O. Clear Space

**NOTICE:** Clearances may only be reduced by means approved by the regulatory authority having jurisdiction.

**Mantel:** Avoid placing candles and other heat-sensitive objects on mantel or hearth. Heat may damage these objects.

P. Trim Adjustment (Default factory setting is -2)



#### Figure 12.1

The small dial located below the main dial control is used to adjust the amount of fuel and combustion air used for efficient clean burning. Adjusting the trim along with proper cleaning of the fire pot and heat exchanger will help achieve maximum performance of your Mt Vernon E2 Appliance.

Your appliance may need to be adjusted based on any or all of the following:

- Elevation (3000 feet above Sea Level or Higher)
- Venting/Installation Configurations (installations with greater than 4' horizontal or more than two 90 degree elbows)

- Fuel Quality (lower BTU fuels or fuels with high ash content)
- Fuel Type (hardwood, softwood, lower BTU fuels)
- Appliances not properly adjusted will:
- Require more frequent cleanings
- · Result in nuisance shut downs and/or missed ignitions
- Waste fuel

Consult your Quadra-Fire Dealer with specific questions regarding proper adjustments for maximum performance. **Where to Start:** 

#### If Burning Hardwood Pellet Fuel

Quadra-Fire recommends setting the appliance at a -4 trim setting as a start. From our testing, hardwood fuels burn well between -4 and -2 settings.

#### If Burning Lower BTU Pellet Fuel, Utility Pellet Fuel, or High Ash Pellet Fuel

Quadra-Fire recommends setting the appliance and leaving at a -4 trim setting. From our testing, lower BTU fuels result in large clinkers in the bottom of the fire pot during normal operation. Using this type of fuel will increase the recommended fire pot cleaning interval.

#### If Burning Softwood Pellet Fuel

Quadra-Fire recommends starting at a -2 trim setting and adjusting based on installation configurations. From our testing, softwood fuels burn well at a variety of settings.

#### If Elevation is 3000 feet above Sea Level or Higher

When burning at higher elevations you will need more air for the fire to burn properly. Quadra-Fire recommends starting with a Trim Setting of -3. From our testing, appliances at higher elevations burn best at settings -4,-3, +3, and +4. Review fuel types and installation configurations for choosing the right setting.

# If appliance has long horizontal venting sections or more than two 90 degree Elbows

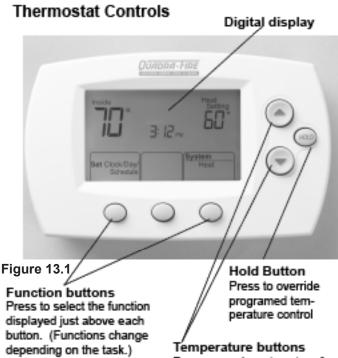
Quadra-Fire recommends starting at a -4 trim setting and making adjustments based on fuel type and elevation. From our testing, we have found that -4,-3, +3, or +4 have worked well depending on fuels.

Indicators that Trim Adjustment is needed:

- 1. The flame appears lazy
- 2. Smoke can be seen in the firebox after start up during normal burn
- 3. Excessive build up of clinkers taller than a 1/2" in the bottom of the fire pot
- 4. The fire goes out when in normal operating mode

## Q. Programming Thermostat

The thermostat maintains a desired room temperature. The 5-2 day programmable function allows one program for week days and a separate program for Saturday/Sunday. (Up to 4 periods per day).



Press up or down to set preferred temperature.

Saturday and Sunday can be programmed individually by changing the format from 5-2 to 5-1-1. To change the format :

 Press and hold the up button and the center button until the display changes.

Press up or down to change system function number to 16.

- 3. Press NEXT to advance to next function.
- 4. Press up or down to change status number to 1.
- 5. Press DONE to exit and save settings.

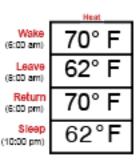
#### Program Schedule

Pre-set settings are shown below.

You can program 4 time periods each day, with different settings for weekdays and weekends.

Wake- Set to time and temperature you want in the morning

until you leave for the day. Leave- Set the time and temperature you want the heat output reduced to during the day. Return- Set the time and temperature to what you want the heat output increased to in the evening.



Sleep – Set the time and temperature to what you want for overnight.

To Adjust Program Schedules

 Press SET CLOCK/DAY/SCHEDULE, then SET SCHEDULE.

 Press ▲ / ▼ to set your weekday wake time (Mon-Fri), then press NEXT.

 Press ▲ / ▼ to set the temperature for this time period, then press NEXT.

 Set time and temperature for the next time period (Leave). Repeat steps 2 and 3 for each weekday time period.

Press NEXT to set weekend time periods (Sat-Sun), then press DONE to save & exit.

NOTE: You can press CANCEL PERIOD to eliminate unwanted time periods (except Wake).

#### Program Schedule Override (temporary)

Press ▲ or ▼ to immediately adjust the temperature. This will temporarily override the temperature setting for the current time period.

The new temperature will be maintained only until the next programmed time period begins. For example, if you want to turn up the heat early in the morning, it will automatically be lowered later, when you leave for the day.

To cancel the temporary setting at any time, press RUN SCHEDULE.

#### Program Schedule Override (permanent)

Press HOLD to permanently adjust the temperature. This will override the temperature settings for all time periods. The "Hold" feature turns off the program schedule and allows you to adjust the thermostat manually, as needed. Whatever temperature you set will be maintained 24 hours a day, until you manually change it, or press RUN SCHED-ULE to cancel "Hold" and resume the prgrammed schedule.

# **R. Frequently Asked Questions**

#### What causes my glass to become dirty?

If the glass has white ash build up it is normal and the glass should be cleaned. If it is a black soot build up airflow through the appliance may be restricted. The most often cause is overdue maintenance and cleaning. See "Maintaining and Servicing Appliance" and/or make adjustments to the trim control.

#### How can I get more heat out of the appliance?

The most often cause of diminished heat output is overdue maintenance and cleaning. See "Maintaining and Servicing Appliance".

# What should I do if I smell smoke or there is ash/soot coming from the appliance?

While there will always be some smoke smell from wood burning appliances (including pellet) you should investigate all venting to make sure it is sealed properly. Most venting requires silicone to seal the seams.

In addition most homes are built very tight today and with exhaust systems can create negative pressure in the home. See "Negative Pressure" under "Getting Started" in the owner's manual if you have checked the venting but still have smoke coming from the appliance. For ash or soot check the above and the exhaust blower housing and seals.

# Why would my appliance run fine last winter but not start this fall?

It is possible that the appliance was not properly prepared for the Non-burn season (see troubleshooting section).

# Is there a place to lubricate the blowers to quiet them down?

No. The most often cause of noisy blowers is from the impellers becoming dirty over time. See maintenance and service section for maintaining and servicing.

# What is the metal object with the bend in it that came inside the plastic bag?

It is a clean-out tool used to help clean the fire pot and remove any jams in the rare event they occur in the feed tube.

# Why is there a black residue building up on the outside of my home?

Wind can cause this to happen. If the appliance is operating correctly very little soot should ever exit the termination cap. Check to be sure the venting is installed per the owner's manual and local codes.

#### Do I need an outside air kit?

Outside air is required for mobile home installs and in some jurisdictions. Refer to "Listing & Code Approvals"," Mobile Home Installation" and " Appliance Set-up". Also refer to local building codes.

# I am seeing sparks coming out of my pipe (termination cap) outside is this safe?

This is normal. As long as clearances to combustibles were followed this is safe.

#### I have no power to anything. Does this appliance have a circuit breaker or fuse or a reset button?

This appliance has one fuse on the control board and a resettable snap disc mounted to the feed tube. If the appliance overheats then the snap disc can be reset; if the fuse is blown the control board must be replaced.

#### Can I burn corn in my appliance?

Yes, a 2:1 mix of pellets to corn is approved, but may require the fire pot to be cleaned more frequently. When using a pellet/corn fuel mixture, it is recommended that the trim adjustment is set to -4 (see pg. 12).

#### Where is the serial # located on my appliance?

The serial number is located behind the right panel on a hang tag.

#### **No pellets are dropping in my fire pot.** See troubleshooting guide.

**Contact your dealer** for additional information regarding operation and troubleshooting. Visit www.QuadraFire.com to locate a dealer.

# **3** Maintenance and Service

When properly maintained, your fireplace will give you many years of trouble-free service. **Contact your deale**r to answer questions regarding proper operation, troubleshooting and service for your appliance. Visit www. QuadraFire.com to locate a dealer. We recommend annual service by a qualified dealer.

# A. Proper Shutdown Procedure

Turn dial control to OFF, let appliance completely cool and exhaust blower must be off. Now you can unplug appliance before servicing.

This pellet insert has a manufacturer-set minimum low burn rate that must not be altered. It is against federal regulations to alter this setting or otherwise operate this pellet insert in a manner inconsistent with operating instructions in this manual.



#### Shock and Smoke Hazard

- Smoke spillage into room can occur if appliance is not cool before unplugging.
- Risk of shock if appliance not unplugged before servicing appliance.

Follow the detailed instructions found in this section for each step listed as referenced in the chart below.

| Cleaning or Inspection                     | Frequency  |    | Daily | Weekly | Monthly | Yearly |
|--|--|----|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| Fire pot                                   | As needed  | OR | Х     |        |         |        |
| Ash Removal from Firebox                   | About 5 bags of fuel depend-<br>ing on ash build-up                      | OR |       | х      |         |        |
| Glass                                      | When clear view of fire pot becomes obscure                              | OR |       | х      |         |        |
| Hopper                                     | Every ton of fuel (50 bags)  | OR |       |        | Х       |        |
| Exhaust Path, Drop Tube and Behind Baffles | Every ton of fuel (50 bags) or more frequently                           | OR |       |        | х       |        |
| Door Handle & Gasket Inspection            | Prior to heating season  | OR |       |        | Х       |        |
| Blower, Convection                         | Every ton of fuel or more fre-<br>quently depending on perfor-<br>mance  | OR |       |        | х       |        |
| Blower, Exhaust                            | Every ton of fuel or more fre-<br>quently depending on perfor-<br>mance  | OR |       |        |         | х      |
| Firebox - Prepare for Non-Burn Season      | At end of heating season   | OR |       |        |         | Х      |
| Venting System                             | Every 3 tons of fuel or more<br>frequently depending on per-<br>formance | OR |       |        |         | Х      |

# **B.** Quick Reference Maintenance Chart

**NOTICE:** These are recommendations. When burning high ash content pellet fuel or a corn/pellet mix you may need to clean the fire pot several times a day. Clean the appliance and fire pot more frequently if you encounter heavy build-up of ash at the recommended interval or you see soot coming from the vent. <u>Not properly cleaning your appliance on a regular basis will void your warranty</u>.

# C. General Maintenance and Cleaning

## 1. Cleaning Fire pot using Lever

- Frequency: Daily or as needed"
- By: Homeowner

\*When burning high ash content pellet fuel or a pellet/corn mix you may need to clean the fire pot several times a day.

- a. Be sure the appliance is allowed to cool.
- b. Open cast face of appliance
- c. Pull fire pot floor cleaning lever two times until the ash falls into the ash pan below. Figure 16.2
- d. It may be necessary to use your fire pot clean out tool to chip away material that has built up on the sides of the fire pot and to push out any clinkers. **Figure 16.1**
- e. Larger clinkers may have to be removed from the top of the fire pot.
- f. If the clinker adheres to the sides of the fire pot, you will need to manually clean the fire pot. The fire pot floor plate must be fully closed when finished.

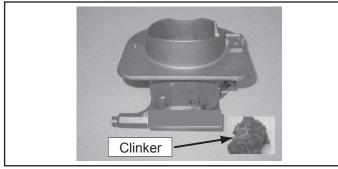


Figure 16.1 - Fire pot with large clinker

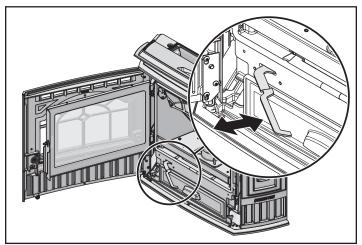


Figure 16.2

### <u>2. Cleaning Ash Pan</u>

- Frequency: Weekly or every 3-5 bags
- By: Homeowner
- a. Locate the ash pan underneath the fire pot.
- b. Slide the ash pan straight out.
- c. Empty into a non-combustible container and re-install ash pan.
- d. When replacing ash pan push it back until it catches on the 2 side latches.

Clinkers filling the ash pan will have to be cleaned out more often than ash.

### Ash Disposal:

Ashes should be placed in a steel container with a tightfitting lid. The container of ashes should be moved outdoors immediately and placed on a non-combustible floor or on the ground, well away from combustible materials, pending final disposal.

If the ashes are disposed of by burial in soil or otherwise locally dispersed, they should be retained in the closed container until all cinders have thoroughly cooled. Other waste shall not be placed in this container.

### 3. Ash Removal from Firebox

- **Frequency:** Weekly or more frequently depending on ash build-up
- By: Homeowner
- a. Be sure the appliance is allowed to cool.
- b. There must not be any hot ashes in the firebox during cleaning.
- c. Frequent cleaning of the ash in the firebox with a vacuum cleaner will help slow down the build-up of ash in the exhaust blower and vent system.

# 

#### **RISK OF FIRE**



Keep combustible materials, gasoline and other flammable vapors and liquids clear of appliance.

• Do NOT store flammable materials in the appliance's vicinity.

• Do NOT use gasoline, lantern fuel, kerosene, charcoal lighter fluid or similar liquids to start or "freshen up" a fire in this appliance.

Keep all such liquids well away from the appliance while it is in use as combustible materials may ignite.

## MT. VERNON E2 INSERT

#### 4. Cleaning Heat Exchanger & Drop Tube

- **Frequency:** Monthly or every ton of fuel (50 bags).
- By: Homeowner
- NOTE: Heavy duty vacuum cleaners may be obtained, specifically designed for solid fuel appliance cleaning.

**Tools Needed:** A Shop Vacuum and generic micro cleaning kit; flat head and Phillips screwdriver; 7mm socket wrench or nut-driver, bottle brush,  $\frac{1}{2}$ " ID hose.

- a. It is necessary to remove the baffle to gain access to the heat exchanger (figure 18.2). Follow instructions for baffle removal on **page 20.**
- b. Vacuum the ash from the heat exchanger with an upholstery brush to remove the majority of the ash. Be sure to vacuum the back of the baffle also. Inspect the drop tube and remove any residue build-up in the drop tube. **Figure 17.3.**
- c. Assemble the crevice tool from the micro cleaning kit to attach to a Shop Vac. **Figure 17.4.**
- d. Use the crevice tool to finish cleaning the heat exchanger fins. It is critical that the 2 exhaust exits at the back of the firebox floor (left and right) be thoroughly cleaned. Figure 17.1 There are several ways this can be done:
  - 1. Use the crevice tool.

2. Attach a hose 1/2 inch (12.7mm) inside diameter and approximately 2 feet (607mm) in length to your vacuum hose.

3. Use a bottle brush and push the ash down to the bottom.

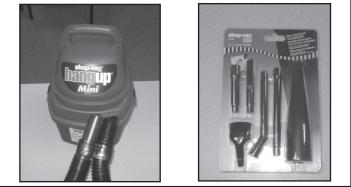


Figure 17.1 - Shop Vacuum and Micro Cleaning Kit examples - items that can be purchased at local hard-ware stores.



Figure 17.2 - Example of a dirty heat exchanger



Figure 17.3



Figure 17.4



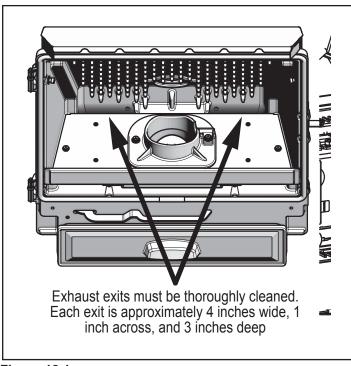
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#### Hopper Fire Risk!

For trouble free use of your pellet appliance you must perform cleaning as called for in these instructions. Not doing so will result in:

- · Poor operating performance
- Smoke spillage into the home
- Overheating of components

Not properly cleaning your appliance on a regular basis will void your warranty.



#### Figure 18.1

**NOTE** It is normal to see a certain amount of wear of the heat exchanger fins. You may notice some flaking and pitting on some of the pins. The heat exchanger system will function as designed with as many as 15 of these pins missing.

#### 5. Ash Removal System Inspection & Cleaning

- **Frequency:** Monthly or after burning 50 bags of fuel.
- By: Homeowner
- a. Be sure the appliance is allowed to cool.
- b. Open the front cast door and cycle the ash removal handle - these should be inspected for functionality
- c. Inspect for any degradation or deformation.
  - As the springs heat up and cool down they can lose tension
  - If there is a gap showing above the fire pot bottom, approximately 1/16 inch (1.59mm) or more, it means the springs have lost their tension
  - Lost tension cannot keep the floor in the proper position causing ignition problems and fuel falling into the ash pan. If noted, call your dealer to replace the springs.

# 

#### **RISK OF FIRE!**

- Do NOT store fuel:
- Closer than required clearances to combustibles to appliance.
- Within space required for loading or ash removal

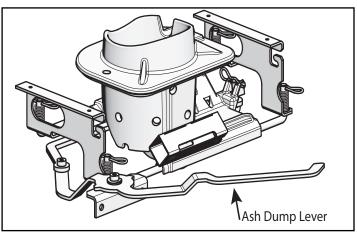


Figure 18.2

#### **Cleaning the Hopper** 6.

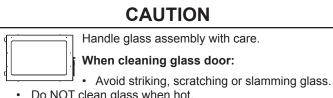
- Frequency: See chart on pg. 16
- By: Homeowner
- a. Be sure the appliance is allowed to cool.
- b. After burning approximately 1 ton of fuel you will need to clean the hopper to prevent sawdust and/or fines build-up.
- c. A combination of sawdust/fines and pellets on the auger reduces the amount of fuel supply to the fire pot.
- This can result in nuisance shut downs and mis-starts d.
  - Empty the hopper of any remaining pellets. •
  - Vacuum the hopper and feed tube.

### 7. Cleaning the Glass

- Frequency: See chart on pg. 16
- By: Homeowner
- a. Be sure the appliance is allowed to cool.
- b. Clean glass with a non-abrasive commercially available cleaner. Wipe down with dry towel.

# WARNING

- Handle glass doors with care.
- Inspect the gasket to ensure it is undamaged.
- Do NOT strike, slam or scratch glass.
  - Do NOT operate appliance with glass door removed, cracked, broken or scratched.



- · Do NOT clean glass when hot.
- Do NOT use abrasive cleaners.
- · Use a hard water deposit glass cleaner on white film.

CAUTION

Refer to maintenance instructions.

#### **Door Latch Inspection** 8.

- Frequency: See chart on pg. 16
- By: Homeowner

The door latch is non-adjustable but the gasket between the glass and firebox should be inspected periodically to make sure there is a good seal. If the gasket is frayed or damaged, replace with a new one.

#### Cleaning Exhaust System - Requires No 9 Lubrication

- Frequency: See chart on pg. 16
- By: Homeowner
- Be sure the appliance is allowed to cool. а.
- Remove blower per replacement instructions. b.
- Use a soft brush and vacuum to clean the propellers. C.
- d. Vacuum out exhaust path and housing.
- e. Replace fan (make sure electrical connections are fully assembled).

#### 10. Cleaning Convection Blower - Requires No Lubrication

- Frequency: Yearly or as needed
- By: Homeowner
- Be sure the appliance is allowed to cool. а.
- Remove blower per blower replacement instructions. b.
- b. Use a soft brush and vacuum to clean the propellers.

### 11. Cleaning the Top Vent Adapter (if installed)

- Frequency: See chart on pg. 16
- Bv: Homeowner
- Be sure the appliance is allowed to cool. a.
- Open the clean out cover. b.
- Sweep out any ash build-up. C.
- 12. Soot and Fly-ash: Formation & Need for Removal in Exhaust Venting System.
- Frequency: See chart on pg. 16
- By: Qualified Service Technician/Homeowner

The products of combustion will contain small particles of fly-ash. The fly-ash will collect in the exhaust venting system and restrict the flow of the flue gases. Incomplete combustion, such as occurs during startup, shutdown, or incorrect operation of the room appliance will lead to some soot formation which will collect in the exhaust venting system.

Note: Ash will build up more quickly in the horizontal venting sections.

#### 13. Preparing Firebox for Non-Burn Season

- Frequency: See chart on pg. 16
- By: Homeowner
- a. The appliance must be in complete shutdown and allow the appliance to completely cool down.
- b. Unplug appliance.
- c. Remove all ash from firebox and vacuum thoroughly.
- d. To minimize corrosion paint all exposed steel, including cast-iron. Use the Touch-Up paint supplied with the appliance or purchase paint from your local dealer.
   You must use a high-temperature paint made specifically for heating appliances.
- e. Cleaning the flue at the end of the burn season will prevent corrosives to build-up and damage the flue.
- f. Outside temperatures should have no affect on the performance of the appliance under freezing conditions.

### **D. Soot or Creosote Fire Awareness**

The chimney should be inspected periodically during the heating season to determine if a creosote build-up has occurred. If a significant layer of creosote has accumulated (1/8 inch [3mm] or more) it should be removed to reduce the risk of chimney fire.

Check daily for creosote build-up until experience shows how often you need to clean to be safe. Be aware that the hotter the fire the less creosote is deposited, and weekly cleaning may be necessary in the mild weather even though monthly cleaning may be enough in the coldest months. Contact your local municipal or provincial fire authority for information on how to handle a chimney fire.

In the event of a soot or creosote fire, close the firebox door, exit the building immediately and contact the proper fire authorities.

DO NOT under any circumstances re-enter the building.

# E. High Ash Fuel Content Maintenance

- Frequency: Daily
- By: Homeowner

If the ash build-up exceeds the half way point in the fire pot or clinkers are adhering to the sides of the fire pot, then the fire pot floor is not being cleaned often enough.



#### **Risk of Fire and Smoke!**

- High ash fuels or lack of maintenance can cause fire pot to overfill. Follow proper shutdown procedure if ash buildup exceeds half way point in fire pot.
- Failure to do so could result in smoking, sooting and possible hopper fires.

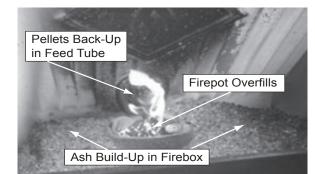


Figure 20.1

# NOTE

• This appliance is required to be cleaned frequently because soot creosote and ash may accumulate.

#### F. Baffle Removal

- 1. The appliance must be in complete shutdown, completely cool and the exhaust blower off.
- 2. Open door.
- 3. The baffle is located at the top inside of firebox.
- Remove baffle by placing a flat head screw driver into the slot of the latches located in the upper corners and rotate down. The bottom of the latch will fall forward off of the post. Lift the baffle up and then out toward you. Figure 21.2
- 5. To replace the baffle, place the 2 locating ears behind the bottom edge and tilt the baffle up and into place.
- 6. The baffle must be centered in the firebox before latching it in place. If it is not centered the latch will slip between the baffle and side of the firebox instead of latching properly.
- 7. The bottom of the latches will fit over the posts. Using the screwdriver, push the top of the latch forward to lock latch into place.

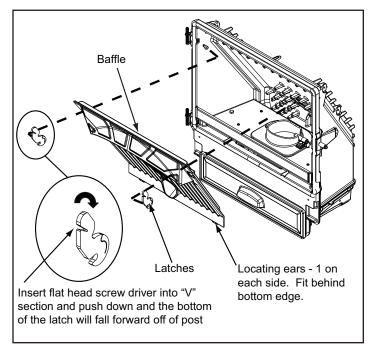


Figure 20.2



# WARNING

**Cast iron is a very heavy material.** The baffle is made of cast iron and therefore is heavy and awkward at times to maneuver. Clear and prepare your work area before you begin.

### G. Glass Replacement

- 1. Swing open the face and remove the door from the appliance by lifting the door off of the hinge pins and lay on a flat surface face down.
- 2. Using a Phillips head screw driver, remove 4 screws, 2 on the top and 2 on the bottom. Remove metal bracket and then remove the glass. **Figure 21.1**
- 3. Replace with new glass with gasket.
- 4. Re-attach metal bracket with 4 screws.

Α

5. Re-install door over hinge pins and close face.

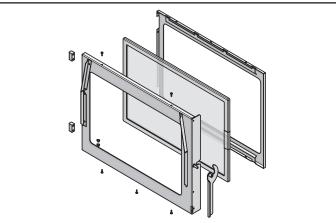


Figure 21.1

# 

• Glass is 5mm thick high temperature heat-resistant ceramic glass.

DO NOT REPLACE with any other material.

Alternate material may shatter and cause injury.

### H. Combustion/Exhaust Blower Replacement

- 1. Follow the proper shut down procedures.
- 2. Remove the right side panel by releasing the upper, spring-loaded latch. Access the latch through the upper panel vent holes. The cast panel should fall forward. Lift it out of its lower nest and set the panel aside. You may need to disconnect the dial control wire harness.
- 3. It is not necessary or recommended to remove the housing to replace or service the combustion blower. You only need to remove the motor and impeller.

- 4. Disconnect the wire from the control board connection and hall effect switch/housing.
- 5. Using an 7mm socket wrench or nut driver, loosen the nuts securing the motor and impeller to the housing. Rotate the blower and remove from housing.
- 6. Holding the motor, rotate the mounting plate and remove motor and impeller.
- 7. If the gasket between housing and motor is damaged it will have to be replaced. A gasket is included with the replacement blower.
- 8. Re-install in reverse order.

### I. Convection Blower Replacement

- 1. Follow the proper shut down procedures.
- 2. Remove the left and right side panels.
- 3. Disconnect the wire terminals.
- 4. Reach behind the blower and release the latch by pushing the top of the latch towards the blower. **Figure 21.2**
- 5. Rock the top of the blower slightly and lift up. The blower will pass out the left side of the appliance.

Note: You may need to loosen the surround to move it out of the way.

- 6. Install replacement blower by placing the bottom flange into the opening first then rotate blower up into position.
- 8. When the blower is properly positioned the latch will engage the notch to hold the blower in place. **Figure 21.2**
- 9. Re-connect wire terminals to the new blower.
- 10. Reposition and Re-secure the back panel.

Note: Make sure wires are connected prior to restarting the appliance. Failure to do so will result in the (side-mounted) safety thermal snap disc tripping resulting in cutting power to the appliance feed system.

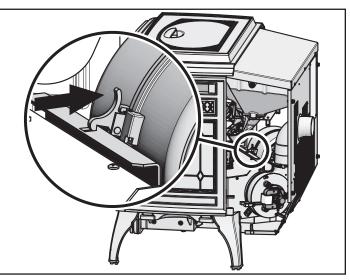


Figure 21.2

# 4 Troubleshooting Guide

With proper installation, operation, and maintenance your appliance will provide years of trouble-free service. If you do experience a problem, this troubleshooting guide will assist a qualified service person in the diagnosis of a problem and the corrective action to be taken. This troubleshooting guide can only be used by a qualified service technician.

| Symptom                  | Possible Cause                                | Corrective Action   |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| Plug in appliance - No   | No Power to outlet.                           | Check circuit breaker at service panel.   |
| response                 | 5 amp fuse blown                              | Replace control board - don't replace<br>fuse   |
|                          | Snap disc tripped or defective.               | Reset or replace snap disc.   |
|                          | No Fuel                                       | Check hopper; load with wood<br>pellets   |
|                          | Vacuum switch not closing; no vacuum          | Check vacuum switch wires are<br>installed<br>Check vacuum hose is connected to<br>switch and feed tube port and is in<br>good condition<br>Make sure venting system is clean<br>Make sure front door is closed<br>Check vacuum tube for blockage or<br>restrictions/kink |
|                          | Hopper lid open                               | Close hopper lid  |
|                          | Defective hopper switch.                      | Check hopper switch operation<br>Check hopper switch wires for<br>integrity   |
| Appliance will not light | Safety snap disc is tripped                   | Check to make sure convection<br>blower wires are connected and<br>reset snap disc (located on RH side<br>of appliance)<br>Clean & inspect convection blower<br>and convection air path.  |
|                          | Feed System is jammed                         | Inspect and un-jam the feed assem-<br>bly   |
|                          | Feed motor not plugged in                     | Reconnect feed motor  |
|                          | Igniter not plugged in                        | Connect the igniter wires   |
|                          | Defective igniter                             | Replace igniter   |
|                          | Fire pot plugged-up / dirty                   | Clean fire pot and movable floor<br>Remove ash from the ash pan   |
|                          | Dial control is set to "OFF"                  | Turn dial control (on the appliance) to a setting other than OFF  |
|                          | Hopper top not sitting on appliance correctly | Adjust hopper top   |

|  | Dirty fire pot, exhaust path, and/or venting plugged                              | Clean fire pot and movable floor<br>Inspect and clean exhaust path and<br>venting<br>Clean firebox, exhaust path, and<br>venting (including behind baffle)                        |
|--|---|---|
| Fire starts but goes out   | Exhaust sensor cannot read tem-<br>perature or is loose                           | Secure the exhaust probe to exhaust<br>blower housing – keeping its wire<br>away from hot surfaces  |
|  | Exhaust plenum is dirty   | Clean exhaust path to plenum  |
|  | Exhaust probe is defective (error code may result)                                | Check for probe wire integrity and/<br>or replace defective exhaust probe<br>securing the exhaust probe to<br>exhaust blower housing – keeping its<br>wire away from hot surfaces |
| Symptom  | Possible Cause  | Corrective Action   |
|  | Area where the thermostat is placed affects temperature.                          | Check thermostat proximity to doors and windows   |
| Appliance starts and stops frequently when operating in the mode | Thermostat located in tight spaces effecting the on/off cycling of the appliance. | Inspect thermostat location and make sure it is not close to a surface that heats and cools quickly.  |
|  | Thermostat SWING function is set too low  | Raise the thermostat swing tem-<br>perature (see function section for<br>instructions)  |
| Slow or smoky start-up and/or lazy                               | Dirty fire pot, exhaust path, and/or venting system.                              | Clean entire appliance including: fire<br>pot, ash build up in firebox, fire pot<br>area, behind baffle, firebox, exhaust<br>blower, venting, and ash pan.                        |
| flame  | Not enough combustion air   | Adjust the trim (see trim adjustment section)   |
|  | Misaligned igniter  | Center the igniter in the chamber   |
|  | Wet fuel or poor quality fuel   | Replace wood pellet fuel  |
|  | Convection Blower is jammed   | Clean and un-jam the blower   |
|  | Not electrically connected  | Connect the blower wires to its respective power wires  |
| Convection blower fails to start                                 | Blower is defective   | Replace blower  |
|  | Exhaust probe not sensing correct temperature                                     | Secure the exhaust probe to exhaust<br>blower housing – keeping its wire<br>away from hot surfaces  |
|  | Control board is defective.   | Replace control board   |
| Convection Blower fails to shut off                              | Wire short between blower and<br>ground - Control board is defective              | Repair wire and replace control board   |

| Not electrically connected<br>Blower is defective  | Connect the blower wires to its respective power wires  |  |
|--|---|--|
| Blower is defective  |   |  |
|  | Replace blower  |  |
| Control board or dial control is defective.  | Unplug dial control, if exhaust blower<br>runs, dial control is defective. If<br>exhaust blower <i>does not</i> run with dial<br>control unplugged, replace control<br>board.   |  |
| Wire short between blower and<br>ground - Control board is defective                               | Repair wire and replace control board   |  |
| Wire short between ground and:<br>feed motor, vacuum switch, hopper<br>switch, or safety snap disc | Repair wire(s) and replace control board  |  |
| Control board is defective   | Replace control board   |  |
| Convection blower is dirty causing<br>an out-of-balance condition                                  | Clean blower impellers  |  |
| Wire short between igniter and ground – Control board is defective                                 | Repair wire and replace control board   |  |
| Possible Cause   | Corrective Action   |  |
| Dirty appliance or venting   | Clean appliance including the fire<br>pot, exhaust path, and venting<br>system  |  |
| Poor fuel quality, high ash content.   | Purge old fuel and use higher quality<br>/ or brand of fuel   |  |
| Incorrect air-fuel adjustment  | Adjust the trim (see trim adjustment section)   |  |
| Excessive feeding  | Adjust trim per trim dial instructions  |  |
| Feed Motor locked on   | Follow corrective action for feed motor not turning off   |  |
| Dirty Appliance  | Clean appliance including the fire<br>pot, exhaust path, and venting<br>system  |  |
| Feed Motor locked on   | Follow corrective action for feed<br>motor not turning off  |  |
| Dirty Appliance  | Clean appliance including the fire<br>pot, exhaust path, and venting<br>system  |  |
| Exhaust termination cap too close to the structure   | Extend the termination further from the structure   |  |
| Excessive feeding (incorrect air-fuel ratio)   | Adjust trim per trim dial instructions  |  |
| Too much fuel  | Turn trim dial counterclockwise one notch at a time   |  |
| Too much air   | Turn trim dial towards the zero set-  |  |
|  | defective.<br>Wire short between blower and<br>ground - Control board is defective<br>Wire short between ground and:<br>feed motor, vacuum switch, hopper<br>switch, or safety snap disc<br>Control board is defective<br>Convection blower is dirty causing<br>an out-of-balance condition<br>Wire short between igniter and<br>ground – Control board is defective<br><b>Possible Cause</b><br>Dirty appliance or venting<br>Poor fuel quality, high ash content.<br>Incorrect air-fuel adjustment<br>Excessive feeding<br>Feed Motor locked on<br>Dirty Appliance<br>Feed Motor locked on<br>Dirty Appliance<br>Exhaust termination cap too close to<br>the structure<br>Excessive feeding (incorrect air-fuel<br>ratio) |  |

# Following correction of any Alarm, turn the dial control to the OFF position, wait 10 seconds and turn back to desired setting OR unplug the appliance, wait 10 seconds then restore power.

| Alarm<br>(LED Flashing RED)       | Possible Cause   | Corrective Action  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
|                                   | Hopper empty   | Fill the hopper  |
|                                   | Auger jam  | Inspect the feed tube for jams   |
|                                   | Vacuum switch not closing                                      | Make sure firebox door is shut,<br>vacuum hose is connected to switch<br>and drop tube, wire connectors are<br>connected to vacuum switch, control<br>board, hopper switch, and safety<br>snap disc. |
| 1 Red Flash: Empty Hopper Alarm   | Hopper lid open  | Close the hopper lid   |
|                                   | Exhaust probe does not sense tem-<br>perature                  | Secure the exhaust probe keeping<br>its wire away from hot surfaces and<br>clean the exhaust plenum  |
|                                   | Snap disc tripped  | Reset snap disc  |
|                                   | Exhaust probe not attached to exhaust blower properly          | Secure exhaust probe to exhaust<br>blower housing – keeping its wire<br>away from hot surfaces   |
|                                   | Exhaust path is dirty  | Clean appliance including the fire pot, exhaust path, and venting system   |
|                                   | Not connected to the control board                             | Connect terminal end to control board  |
| 2 Red Flashes: Exhaust Probe Fail | Failed component   | Replace exhaust probe – securing it<br>to exhaust blower housing – keeping<br>wire away from hot surfaces  |
|                                   | Hopper empty   | Fill the hopper  |
|                                   | Feed motor doesn't turn  | Inspect feed motor circuit (hopper lid<br>must be closed, vacuum switch must<br>be closed, snap disc closed, and feed<br>motor must be plugged in)<br>Clear jam in feed tube                         |
| 4 Red Flashes: Missed Ignition    | Dirty appliance  | Clean appliance including the fire pot, exhaust path, and venting system   |
|                                   | Igniter has no power or is defective                           | Check igniter lead connections or replace igniter  |
|                                   | Exhaust probe not properly installed                           | Secure exhaust probe to exhaust<br>blower housing – keeping its wire<br>away from hot surfaces   |
|                                   | Igniter chamber plugged with debris                            | Clean igniter chamber  |
| 6 Red Flashes: Exhaust Blower     | Wire from exhaust blower or encoder is disconnected or shorted | Make sure wire is not damaged /<br>melted and ends are fully connected<br>to the encoder and control board.  |
| Alarm                             | Defective exhaust blower                                       | Replace exhaust blower   |
|                                   | Defective encoder (on end of exhaust blower)                   | Replace exhaust blower   |
|                                   | Feed Motor Locked On   | Repair wire(s) and replace control board   |
| 8 Red Flashes: Exhaust Over-Temp  | Non-approved fuel used   | Only use wood pellet fuel. Do not<br>enhance its performance with any<br>other combustible substance.  |
|                                   | Convection blower dirty  | Clean impellers  |

# 5 Reference Materials

# A. Component Functions

#### 1. Exhaust Blower

The combustion (exhaust) blower is mounted in the bottom right rear of appliance. The blower is designed to pull the exhaust from the appliance and push it out through the venting system.

#### 2. Control Board

The control board is located on the right side of appliance. It controls the functioning of the appliance and communicates with the dial control. The control board can only be replaced by an authorized dealer.

#### 3. Convection Blower

The convection blower is mounted at the bottom left of the appliance. The convection blower pushes heated air through the heat exchange system into the room.

#### 4. Feed System

The feed system is located on the right side of the appliance and can be removed as an entire assembly. The hollow feed spring (auger) pulls pellets up the feed tube from the hopper area and drops them down the feed chute into the fire pot. Reference the parts list for individual parts in feed assembly.

#### 5. Fire pot

The fire pot is made of high quality ductile iron. The floor of the fire pot opens for cleaning and is manually operated by the homeowner. The floor needs to return to a completely closed position or the appliance will not operate properly.

#### 6. <u>Fuse</u>

The control board fuse will blow should a short occur. The control board will <u>need to be replaced</u>. DO NOT REPLACE THE FUSE. If the control board fuse blows its TRIAC, that portion of the circuit, will remain closed causing the motor on that leg to run <u>continuously</u> at high speed.

#### 7. Heat Exchanger

The heat exchanger is located behind the baffle and transfers heat from the exhaust system into the convection air chamber. Remove the cast iron baffle to access the heat exchanger.

#### 8. Hopper Lid Switch

The hopper lid switch is located on the right side, inside the hopper. It switches the feed motor off if the hopper lid is open.

#### 9. Igniter (Heating Element)

The igniter is mounted on the base of the fire pot. Combustion air travels over the red hot igniter creating super heated air that ignites the pellets.

#### 10. Power Receptacle

The power receptacle is located below the control box on right side. Install the power cord (supplied in the appliance component pack) to the appliance receptacle. Prior to installing, check the wall receptacle for 120 volt, 60 Hz (standard current). Make sure the outlet is grounded and has the correct polarity. A good quality surge protector is highly recommended to protect the appliance electronics.

#### 11. Overheat Snap Discs

There are two overheat snap discs located within the electro-mechanical cavity of the appliance. One is mounted on the back of the drop tube in the center of the appliance; the other is mounted in the RH side between the firebox and cast side

When describing the location of a component, it is always AS YOU FACE THE FRONT OF THE APPLIANCE.

panel. Both snap discs have a reset button. If the fire tries to burn back into the feed system, the drop tube snap disc will shut the appliance down. If there is not enough circulation from the convection blower the second snap disc will shut the feed system off. Either sensor must be manually re-set if tripped. Disconnect power before resetting.

#### 12. Exhaust Probe - Exhaust Blower

The exhaust probe is a temperature-sensing device attached to the exhaust blower housing via screw and clamp. It provides sympathetic exhaust temperature feedback to the control board. In turn, the control board uses this information to adjust its heat-output systems for best performance.

#### 13. Vacuum Switch

The vacuum switch is located on the right side of the appliance under the feed motor, behind right side panel. Its vacuum hose connects to the drop tube. This switch turns the feed system on when vacuum is present in the firebox. The vacuum switch is a safety device to shut off the feed motor if the exhaust or the heat exchanger system is dirty, plugged, or if the firebox door is open.

#### 14. Thermostat

Refer to Thermostat Instructions on page 14.

#### 15. Wiring Schematic for Control Board (below)

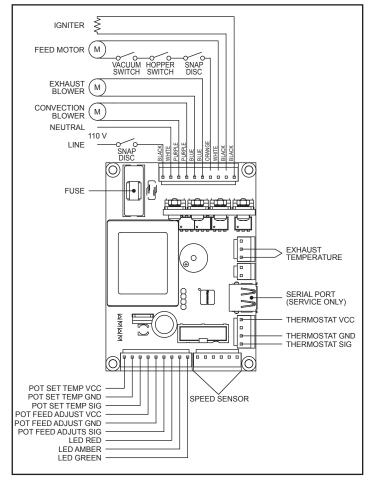


Figure 26.1 - Control Board Schematic

# B. Exploded Drawings

# MT. VERNON E2 INSERT

# C. Parts List



#### CONTACT INFORMATION

Hearth & Home Technologies 352 Mountain House Road Halifax. PA 17032 **Division of HNI INDUSTRIES** 

### Please contact your Quadra-Fire dealer with any questions or concerns. For the number of your nearest Quadra-Fire dealer log onto www.guadrafire.com

### CAUTION



maintenance instructions included.

follow these instructions for safe installation and operation.

DO NOT DISCARD THIS MANUAL

Important operating and • Read, understand and • Leave this manual with party responsible for use and operation.



# We recommend that you record the following pertinent information for your heating appliance.

Date purchased/installed:\_\_\_\_\_

Serial Number:\_\_\_\_\_ Location on appliance:\_\_\_\_\_

Dealership purchased from: Dealer phone: 1()

Notes:

This product may be covered by one or more of the following patents: (United States) 5341794, 5263471, 6688302, 7216645, 7047962 or other U.S. and foreign patents pending.

